

# Algebra

## EXERCISE 17B

For SSC CHSL Exam

1. For what value(s) of  $k$  will the expression

$$p + \frac{1}{9}\sqrt{p} + k^2 \text{ be a perfect square?}$$

**SSC CHSL 10/06/2022 (Shift-2)**

- (a)  $k = \pm \frac{1}{8}$       (b)  $k = \pm \frac{1}{9}$   
 (c)  $k = \pm \frac{1}{21}$       (d)  $k = \pm \frac{1}{18}$

2. If  $x + 2y = 10$  and  $2xy = 9$ , then one of the value of  $x - 2y$  is:

**SSC CHSL 10/06/2022 (Shift-2)**

- (a) 8      (b) 6  
 (c) 10      (d) 12

3. if  $x^2 - 9x + 1 = 0$ , what is the value of  $x^8 - 6239 + 1 = ?$

**SSC CHSL 9/06/2022 (Shift-3)**

- (a) 1      (b) 0  
 (c) -1      (d) 2

4. If  $(ab + bc + ca) = 0$ , then what is the value of

$$\left( \frac{1}{a^2 - bc} + \frac{1}{b^2 - ca} + \frac{1}{c^2 - ab} \right) ?$$

**SSC CHSL 9/06/2022 (Shift-1)**

- (a) 2      (b) 0  
 (c) 1      (d)  $a + b + c$

5. If  $x - y = 25$  and  $xy = 78$ , then what is the value of  $x^2 + y^2$ ?

**SSC CHSL 9/06/2022 (Shift-1)**

- (a) 625      (b) 781  
 (c) 103      (d) 756

6. If  $2z = x + y$ , then the value of  $\frac{x}{x-z} + \frac{y}{y-z}$ .

**SSC CHSL 9/06/2022 (Shift-1)**

- (a) 0      (b) 1  
 (c) 2      (d) 5

7. If  $x^3 + y^3 = 416$  and  $x + y = 8$ , then find  $x^4 + y^4$

**SSC CHSL 8/06/2022 (Shift-3)**

- (a) 3002      (b) 3204  
 (c) 3004      (d) 3104

8. If  $px^3 + x^2 + 3x + q$  is exactly divisible by  $(x + 2)$  and  $(x - 2)$ , then the values of  $p$  and  $q$  are

**SSC CHSL 8/06/2022 (Shift-3)**

- (a)  $p = -\frac{3}{4}$  and  $q = 4$  (b)  $p = \frac{3}{4}$  and  $q = 4$   
 (c)  $p = \frac{3}{4}$  and  $q = -4$  (d)  $p = -\frac{3}{4}$  and  $q = -4$

9. If  $x - \frac{1}{x} = 11$  and  $x > 0$ , what is the value of

$$\left( x^2 - \frac{1}{x^2} \right) ?$$

**SSC CHSL 8/06/2022 (Shift-2)**

- (a)  $-11\sqrt{123}$       (b)  $55\sqrt{5}$   
 (c)  $11\sqrt{123}$       (d)  $-55\sqrt{5}$

10. What is the value of the following expression?

$$2^2 \left( \frac{x^a}{x^b} \right)^{(a+b)} \times 3^2 \left( \frac{x^b}{x^c} \right)^{(b+c)} \times 6^{-2} \left( \frac{x^c}{x^a} \right)^{(a+c)}$$

**SSC CHSL 8/06/2022 (Shift-2)**

- (a) 1      (b) 0  
 (c) 4      (d) 9

11. If  $x = \sqrt{10} + \sqrt{11}$ ,  $y = \sqrt{10} - \sqrt{11}$ , then value of  $7x^2 - 50xy + 7y^2$  \_\_\_\_\_.

**SSC CHSL 8/06/2022 (Shift-1)**

- (a) 344      (b) 704  
 (c) 1360      (d) 386

12. If  $x + y + z = 0$ , then find the value of the

$$\frac{x^2}{x^2 - yz} + \frac{y^2}{y^2 - xz} + \frac{z^2}{z^2 - xy}$$

**SSC CHSL 07/06/2022 (Shift-3)**

- (a) 2      (b) 1  
 (c) 3      (d) 0

13. If  $P(x) = (x^3 - 8)(x + 1)$  and  $Q(x) = (x^3 + 1)(x - 2)$  the LCM of  $P(x)$  and  $Q(x)$  is :

**SSC CHSL 07/06/2022 (Shift-2)**

- (a)  $(x^2 + 2x + 4)(x^2 + 4x + 1)$   
 (b)  $(x + 1)(x - 2)(x^2 + 2x + 4)(x^2 - x + 1)$   
 (c)  $(x + 1)^2(x - 2)^2(x^2 + 2x + 4)(x^2 + 4x + 1)$   
 (d)  $(x - 2)(x + 1)$

14. If  $x + y = 13$ , then  $(x - 8)^3 + (y - 5)^3$  is :  
**SSC CHSL 7/06/2022 (Shift-2)**
- (a) 2197      (b) 0  
(c) 169      (d) 13
15. If  $a + b = \sqrt{7}$  and  $a - b = \sqrt{5}$ , then the value of  $8ab(a^2 + b^2) - (a^2 - b^2)$   
**SSC CHSL 7/06/2022 (Shift-1)**
- (a) 19      (b) 23  
(c) 27      (d) 21
16. If  $p = 38$ , then the value of  $p(p^2 + 3p + 3)$  is \_\_\_\_\_.  
**SSC CHSL 6/06/2022 (Shift-3)**
- (a) 39313      (b) 59319  
(c) 39318      (d) 59318
17. If  $a + b = 8$  and  $a - b = 6$  then find the value of 'ab'.  
**SSC CHSL 6/06/2022 (Shift-2)**
- (a) 6      (b) 8  
(c) 5      (d) 7
18. If  $x^2 + (4 - \sqrt{3})x - 1 = 0$ , then what is the value of  $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$ ?  
**SSC CHSL 12/08/2021 (Shift-3)**
- (a)  $9 - 8\sqrt{3}$       (b)  $21 - 12\sqrt{3}$   
(c)  $21 - 8\sqrt{3}$       (d)  $17 - 8\sqrt{3}$
19. If  $x + \frac{1}{x} = \sqrt{3}$ , then one of the value of  $x^3 - \frac{1}{x^3}$  is:  
**SSC CHSL 12/08/2021 (Shift-3)**
- (a)  $4\sqrt{11}$       (b) 32  
(c)  $4\sqrt{13}$       (d) 36
20. If  $(7x - 10y) = 8$  and  $xy = 5$ , then what is the value of  $49x^2 + 100y^2$ ?  
**SSC CHSL 12/08/2021 (Shift-2)**
- (a) 764      (b) 632  
(c) 623      (d) 746
21. The value of  $a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc$ , when  $a = 125, b = 127$  and  $c = 129$ , is  
**SSC CHSL 12/08/2021 (Shift-2)**
- (a) 4725      (b) 4572  
(c) 4752      (d) 3752
22. If  $a = \frac{\sqrt{5} + 2}{\sqrt{5} - 2}$  and  $b = \frac{\sqrt{5} - 2}{\sqrt{5} + 2}$ , then the value of  $2a^2 + 2b^2 - 5ab$  is equal to:  
**SSC CHSL 12/08/2021 (Shift-2)**
- (a) 693      (b) 649  
(c) 635      (d) 639

23. Given that  $3\sqrt{3}x^3 - 8y^3 = (\sqrt{3}x + Ay)(3x^2 + By^2 + Cxy)$ , the value of  $(A^2 + B^2 - C^2)$  is :  
**SSC CHSL 12/08/2021 (Shift-1)**
- (a) 4      (b) 8  
(c) 12      (d) 0
24. If  $3x - 2y + 3 = 0$ , then what will be the value of  $27x^3 + 54xy + 30 - 8y^3$ ?  
**SSC CHSL 12/08/2021 (Shift-1)**
- (a) -27      (b) 57  
(c) -57      (d) 3
25. If  $\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = 2\sqrt{3}$ , then what will be the value of  $x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4}$ ?  
**SSC CHSL 12/08/2021 (Shift-1)**
- (a) 10402      (b) 9606  
(c) 9602      (d) 10406
26. If  $3a - b = 1$  and  $ab = 4$ , then one of the value of  $(9a^2 - b^2)$  is:  
**SSC CHSL 11/08/2021 (Shift-3)**
- (a) 7      (b) 8  
(c) 5      (d) 6
27. If  $a+5b = 25$  and  $ab = 20$ , then one of the value of  $(a - 5b)$  is:  
**SSC CHSL 11/08/2021 (Shift-3)**
- (a) 15      (b) 14  
(c) 16      (d) 13
28. If  $x = 555, y = 556$  and  $z = 557$ , then find the value of the  $x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz$ .  
**SSC CHSL 11/08/2021 (Shift-3)**
- (a) 5006      (b) 5002  
(c) 5008      (d) 5004
29. If  $a - b = 7$  and  $a^2 + b^2 = 169$  where  $a, b > 0$ , then the value of  $3a + b$  is  
**SSC CHSL 11/08/2021 (Shift-2)**
- (a) 44      (b) 41  
(c) 38      (d) 46
30. If  $a - \frac{24}{a} = 5$ , where  $a > 0$ , then the value of the  $a^2 + \frac{64}{a^2}$  is :  
**SSC CHSL 11/08/2021 (Shift-2)**
- (a) 45      (b) 56  
(c) 60      (d) 65
31.  $x, y$  are two positive numbers such that  $x > y$ . If  $x^4 + y^4 = 706$  and  $xy = 15$ , then the value of the  $2x + 3y$  is:  
**SSC CHSL 11/08/2021 (Shift-2)**
- (a) 19      (b) 20  
(c) 18      (d) 15



7. (d)  $x^3 + y^3 = 416, x + y = 8$   
 $(x+y)^3 = x^3 + y^3 + 3xy(x+y)$   
 $8^3 = 416 + 3xy(8)$   
 $xy = 4$   
 $(x+y)^2 = x^2 + y^2 + 2xy$   
 $x^2 + y^2 = 64 - 8$   
 $= 56$   
 $(x^2 + y^2)^2 = x^4 + y^4 + 2x^2y^2$   
 $x^4 + y^4 = 56^2 - 2 \times 16$   
 $= 3136 - 32$   
 $= 3104$

8. (d)  $px^3 + x^2 + 3x + q = 0$

$x+2=0$	$x-2=0$
$x=-2$	$x=2$

$$\begin{aligned} p(-2)^3 + (-2)^2 + 3(-2) + q &= 0 \\ -8p + q &= 2 \quad \dots(i) \\ \underline{x = 2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} p(2)^3 + (2)^2 + 3(2) + q &= 0 \quad \dots(ii) \\ 8p + q &= -10 \end{aligned}$$

From (i) + (ii)

$$\begin{aligned} q &= -4 \\ p &= -\frac{3}{4} \end{aligned}$$

9. (b)  $x - \frac{1}{x} = 11 \Rightarrow x + \frac{1}{x}$   
 $= \sqrt{11^2 - 4} = \sqrt{125}$   
 $= 5\sqrt{5}$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 - \frac{1}{x^2} &= \left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right) \times \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) \\ &= 11 \times 5\sqrt{5} = 55\sqrt{5} \end{aligned}$$

10. (a)  $2^2 \left(\frac{x^a}{x^b}\right)^{(a+b)} \times 3^2 \left(\frac{x^b}{x^c}\right)^{(b+c)} \times 6^{-2} \left(\frac{x^c}{x^a}\right)^{(a+c)}$   
 $= \frac{4 \times 9}{36} \times x^{(a-b)(a+b)} \times x^{(b-c)(b+c)} \times x^{(c-a)(c+a)}$

$$x^{a^2 - b^2 + b^2 - c^2 + c^2 - a^2} = x^0 = 1$$

11. (a)  $x = \sqrt{10} + \sqrt{11}$

$$y = \sqrt{10} - \sqrt{11}$$

$$x^2 = 21 + 2\sqrt{110}$$

$$y^2 = 21 - 2\sqrt{110}$$

$$\begin{aligned} xy &= -1 \\ &= 7x^2 - 50xy + 7y^2 \\ &= 7(21 + 2\sqrt{110}) - 50(-1) + 7(21 - 2\sqrt{110}) \\ &= 147 + 147 + 14\sqrt{110} - 14\sqrt{110} + 50 \\ &= 344 \end{aligned}$$

12. (a)  $x + y + z = 0 \Rightarrow x = -y - z, y = -x - z, z = -x - y$

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{x^2}{x^2 - yz} + \frac{y^2}{y^2 - xz} + \frac{z^2}{z^2 - xy} \\ &= \frac{x^2}{-xy - xz - yz} + \frac{y^2}{-xy - yz - xz} \\ &\quad + \frac{z^2}{-zy - zx - xy} \\ &= \frac{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}{-(xy + xz + yz)} \\ &= \frac{-2(xy + yz + xz)}{-(xy + xz + yz)} = 2 \end{aligned}$$

13. (b)  $P(x) = (x^3 - 8)(x + 1)$   
 $= (x^3 - 2^3)(x + 1)$   
 $P(x) = (x - 2)(x^2 + 2x + 4)(x + 1)$   
 $Q(x) = (x^3 + 1^3)(x - 2)$   
 $Q(x) = (x + 1)(x^2 - x + 1)(x - 2)$   
 $\text{LCM} = (x + 1)(x - 2)(x^2 + 2x + 4)$   
 $(x^2 - x + 1)$

14. (b) Let  $x = 8, y = 5$

$$x + y = 13$$



$$\begin{aligned} (x - 8)^3 + (y - 5)^3 &= (8 - 8)^3 + (5 - 5)^3 \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

15. (a)  $a + b = \sqrt{7}, a - b = \sqrt{5}$

$$a = \frac{\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{5}}{2},$$

$$b = \frac{\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{5}}{2}$$

$$ab = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a^2 + b^2 &= (a + b)^2 - 2ab \\ &= 7 - 1 \\ &= 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 8ab(a^2 + b^2) - (a - b)^2 &= 8 \times \frac{1}{2}(6) - (\sqrt{5})^2 \\ &= 24 - 5 = 19 \end{aligned}$$

**16. (d)**  $P = 38$

$$\begin{aligned} P(p^2 + 3p + 3) &= p^3 + 3p^2 + 3p \\ (p^3 + 3p^2 + 3p + 1) - 1 &= (p + 1)^3 - 1 \\ &= (38 + 1)^3 - 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$59319 - 1 = 59318$$

**17. (d)**  $a + b = 8$

$$a - b = 6$$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= \frac{8+6}{2} \\ &= 7 \end{aligned}$$

$$b = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} ab &= 7 \times 1 \\ &= 7 \end{aligned}$$

**18. (c)**  $x^2 + (4 - \sqrt{3})x - 1 = 0$

$$x - \frac{1}{x} = \sqrt{3} - 4$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} &= (\sqrt{3} - 4)^2 + 2 \\ &= 3 + 16 - 8\sqrt{3} + 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 21 - 8\sqrt{3}$$

**19. (d)**  $x + \frac{1}{x} = \sqrt{13}$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow x - \frac{1}{x} &= \sqrt{(\sqrt{13})^2 - 4} \\ &= 3 \\ x^3 - \frac{1}{x^3} &= 3^3 + 3 \times 3 \\ &= 36 \end{aligned}$$

**20. (a)**  $7x - 10y = 8$

$$xy = 5$$

$$\begin{aligned} 49x^2 + 100y^2 &\\ (7x)^2 + (10y)^2 &= (7x - 10y)^2 + 2 \times 7x \times 10y \\ &= 8^2 + 2 \times 7 \times 10 \times 5 \\ &= 64 + 700 \\ &= 764 \end{aligned}$$

**21. (b)**  $a = 125$

$$b = 127$$

$$c = 129$$

$$\begin{aligned} a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc &\\ &= \frac{1}{2}(a+b+c)[(a-b)^2 \\ &\quad + (b-c^2) + (c-a)^2] \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(125 + 127 + 129)(4 + 4 + 16) \\ &= 381 \times 12 = 4572 \end{aligned}$$

**22. (d)**  $a = \frac{\sqrt{5} + 2}{\sqrt{5} - 2}$

$$= 9 + 4\sqrt{5}$$

$$\begin{aligned} b &= \frac{\sqrt{5} - 2}{\sqrt{5} + 2} \\ &= 9 - 4\sqrt{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$a^2 = 81 + 80 + 72\sqrt{5}$$

$$= 161 + 72\sqrt{5}$$

$$b^2 = 161 - 72\sqrt{5}$$

$$ab = (9 + 4\sqrt{5})(9 - 4\sqrt{5})$$

$$= 81 - 80$$

$$= 1$$

$$2a^2 + 2b^2 - 5ab$$

$$= 2(161 + 72\sqrt{5}) + 2(161 - 72\sqrt{5}) - 5 \times 1$$

$$= 322 + 322 - 5$$

$$= 639$$

**23. (b)**  $3\sqrt{3}x^3 - 8y^3 = (\sqrt{3}x + Ay)(3x^2 + By^2 + Cxy)$

$$(\sqrt{3}x)^3 - (2y)^3 = (\sqrt{3}x + Ay)(3x^2 + By^2 + Cxy)$$

$$A = -2$$

$$B = 4$$

$$C = 2\sqrt{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A^2 + B^2 - C^2 &= 4 + 16 - 12 \\ &= 8 \end{aligned}$$

**24. (d)**  $3x - 2y + 3 = 0$

$$3x - 2y = -3$$

$$(3x - 2y)^3 = (-3)^3$$

$$27x^3 + 18xy(3x - 2y) - 8y^3 = -27$$

$$27x^3 + 54xy - 8y^3 + 27 = 0$$

$$27x^3 + 54xy - 8y^3 + 30 = 3$$

**25. (c)**  $\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = 2\sqrt{3}$

$$x + \frac{1}{x} = (2\sqrt{3})^2 - 2 = 10$$

$$x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} = 10^2 - 2 = 98,$$

$$x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} = 98^2 - 2 = 9602$$

**26. (a)**  $3a - b = 1, ab = 4$

$$(3a + b)^2 = (3a - b)^2 + 12ab$$

$$= 1 + 12 \times 4 = 49$$

$$3a + b = 7$$

$$9a^2 - b^2 = (3a + b)(3a - b) - 7 \times 1 = 7$$

27. (a)  $a + 5b = 25$ ,

$$ab = 20$$

$$(a - 5b)^2 = (a + 5b)^2 - 20ab$$

$$= 625 - 400 = 225$$

$$a - 5b = \sqrt{225} = 15$$

28. (d)  $x = 555$

$$y = 556$$

$$z = 557$$

$$x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(x + y + z)[(x - y)^2 + (y - z)^2 + (z - x)^2]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 1668(1 + 1 + 4)$$

$$= 5004$$

29. (b)  $a - b = 7$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ 12 - 5 = 7 \end{array}$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = 169$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ 12^2 + 5^2 = 169 \end{array}$$

$$a = 12$$

$$b = 5$$

$$3a + b = 41$$

30. (d)  $\frac{a - 24}{a} = 5$

$$a^2 - 5a - 24 = 0$$

$$a = 8$$

$$a^2 + \frac{64}{a^2} = 64 + \frac{64}{64} = 64 + 1$$

$$= 65$$

31. (a)  $x^4 + y^4 = 706$

$$x = 5$$

$$y = 3$$

$$2x + 3y = 10 + 9$$

$$= 19$$

32. (a)  $3x + 5y = 14$

$$xy = 6$$

$$9x^2 + 25y^2 = (3x)^2 + (5y)^2$$

$$= (3x + 5y)^2 - 30xy$$

$$= 14^2 - 30 \times 6$$

$$= 196 - 180$$

$$= 16$$

33. (b)  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 48 = 8(a + b + c)$

$$a^2 - 8a + 16 + b^2 + 8b - 16 + c^2 - 8c + 16$$

$$= 0$$

$$= (a - 4)^2 + (b - 4)^2 + (c - 4)^2 = 0$$

$$a = 4$$

$$b = 4$$

$$c = 4$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt[3]{a^3 - b^3 + c^3} &= \sqrt[3]{4^3 - 4^3 + 4^3} \\ &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

34. (c)  $x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} = 47 \Rightarrow x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \sqrt{47 + 2} \\ &= 7 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x + \frac{1}{x} &= \sqrt{7 + 2} \\ &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 - 3x &= -1 \\ (2x - 3)^2 &= 4x^2 + 9 - 12x \\ &= 4(x^2 - 3x) + 9 \\ &= 4(-1) + 9 \\ &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

35. (d)  $a + b + c = 11$ ,

$$ab + bc + ca = 15$$

$$a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc =$$

$$(a + b + c)[(a + b + c)^2 - 3(ab + bc + ca)]$$

$$= 11[11^2 - 3(15)]$$

$$= 11 \times 76$$

$$= 836$$

36. (b)  $(x + 1.5)^3 + (x - 4)^3 + (x - 3.5)^3$

$$= 3(x - 1.5)(x - 4)(x - 3.5)$$

$$a^3 + b^3 + c^3 = 3abc$$

$$\text{then } (a + b + c) = 0$$

$$x - 1.5 + x - 4 + x - 3.5 = 0$$

$$3x = 9$$

$$x = 3$$

37. (a)  $a + b + c = 5$ .

$$a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 27$$

$$a^3 + b^3 + c^3 = 125$$

$$ab + bc + ca = \frac{(a + b + c)^2 - (a^2 + b^2 + c^2)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{25 - 27}{2} = -1$$

$$a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc$$

$$= (a + b + c)[a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - (ab + bc + ca)]$$

$$- 3abc = 5(27 + 1) - 125$$

$$- 3abc = 140 - 125$$

$$abc = -5$$

$$\frac{abc}{5} = \frac{-5}{5} = -1$$

38. (b)  $1 + 4x^2 + 16x^4 = 512$

$$1 - 2x + 4x^2 = 64$$

$$1 + 2x + 4x^2 = ?$$

$$1 + 4x^2 + 16x^4 = (1 - 2x + 4x^2)(1 + 2x + 4x^2)$$

$$\begin{aligned}1 + 2x + 4x^2 &= \frac{1 + 4x^2 + 16x^4}{1 - 2x + 4x^2} \\&= \frac{512}{64} = 8\end{aligned}$$

$$39. \text{ (a)} \quad x + \frac{1}{3x} = 5 \Rightarrow 3x + \frac{1}{x} = 15$$

$$\begin{aligned} 27x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3} &= 15^3 - 15 \times 3 \times 3 \\ &= 3375 - 135 = 3240 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 40. \text{ (c)} \quad x^6 - 6\sqrt{6}y^6 &= (x^2 + Ay^2)(x^4 + Bx^2y^2 + Cy^4) \\
 (x^2)^3 - (\sqrt{6}y^2)^3 &= (x^2 - Ay^2)(x^4 + Bx^2y^2 + Cy^4) \\
 A &= -\sqrt{6} \\
 B &= \sqrt{6} \\
 C &= 6 \\
 A^2 - B^2 + C^2 &= (-\sqrt{6})^2 - (\sqrt{6})^2 + 6^2 \\
 &= 6 - 6 + 36 \\
 &= 36
 \end{aligned}$$

## EXERCISE 17C

For SSC CGL and CPO Exams

1. If  $a + b + c = 11$  and  $ab + bc + ca = 28$ , then find the value of the  $a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc$       **SSC CGL 19/04/2022 (Shift-3)**

(a) 1639      (b) 407  
 (c) 2255      (d) 1093

2. If  $(x+y)^3 - (x-y)^3 - 3y(2x^2 - 3y^2) = ky^3$  then find the value of  $k$ .      **SSC CGL 19/04/2022 (Shift-3)**

(a) 10.5      (b) 8  
 (c) 1      (d) 10

3. If  $x^2 - 5x - 1 = 0$ , what is the value of  $\frac{x^6 - x^4 + x^2 - 1}{x^3}$ ?      **SSC CGL 19/04/2022 (Shift-2)**

(a) 145      (b) 140  
 (c) 130      (d) 135

4. If  $b^2 + 49c^2 + 18 = 2(b + 28c - a)$ , then the value of  $(2a - b + 7c)$  is :      **SSC CGL 19/04/2022 (Shift-2)**

(a) 5      (b) -3  
 (c) -4      (d) 1

5. If  $x + y + z = 7$ ,  $xy + yz + zx = 8$ , then what is the value of  $x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz$ ?      **SSC CGL 19/04/2022 (Shift-1)**

(a) 200      (b) 150  
 (c) 125      (d) 175

6. If  $\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = \sqrt{3}$ , then what is the value of  $x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4}$ ? **SSC CGL 18/04/2022 (Shift-3)**



7. If  $2\sqrt{2}x^3 - 3\sqrt{3}y^3$

of the  $\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}$  is :

**SSC CGL 18/04/2022 (Shift-2)**

- (a)  $\sqrt{19}$       (b)  $\sqrt{11}$   
 (c)  $\sqrt{17}$       (d)  $\sqrt{21}$

8. If  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 49c^2 + 18 = 2(b - 28c - a)$  then the value of the  $(a - b - 7c)$  is ?

SSC CGL 18/04/2022 (Shift-2)



9. If  $a + b - c = 5$  and  $ab - bc - ca = 10$ , then find the value of the  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2$ .

**SSC CGL 18/04/2022 (Shift-1)**



**10.** If  $\left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right) = 23$ ,  $x > 0$ , what is the value of

SSC CGL 18/04/2022 (Shift-1)



**11.** If  $x + y + z = 2$ ,  $xy + yz + zx = -11$ , and  $xyz = -12$ , then what is the value of the  $x^3 + y^3 + z^3$ ?

**SSC CGL 13/04/2022 (Shift-3)**



**12.** If  $x + y + z = 18$ ,  $xyz = 81$  and  $xy + yz + zx = 90$ , then find the value of the  $\sqrt{x^3 + y^3 + z^3 + xyz}$

SSC CGL 13/04/2022 (Shift-2)



13. If  $2/x^2 - 64y^2 = (Ax + By)(Cx^2 - Dy^2 + 12xy)$  then the value of  $4A + B + 3C + 2D$  is:

SSC CGL Tier II 03/02/2022

14. If  $x = 32.5$ ,  $y = 34.6$  and  $z = 30.9$  then the value of  $x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz$  is  $0.98k$ , where  $k$  is equal to

**SSC CGL Tier II (03/02/2022)**

- (a) 1,033      (b) 933  
(c) 1,026      (d) 921

15. If  $x^3 - 3x + 1 = 0$ , then the value of  $\frac{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{(x^2 + 5x + 1)}$  is :

**SSC CGL Tier II (03/02/2022)**

- (a)  $\frac{9}{4}$       (b)  $\frac{27}{8}$   
(c)  $\frac{5}{2}$       (d) 2

16. If  $x^2 - \sqrt{7}x + 1 = 0$ , then what is the value of the

$$x^5 + \frac{1}{x^5} ?$$

**SSC CGL 29/01/2022 (Shift-1)**

- (a)  $25\sqrt{7}$       (b)  $21\sqrt{7}$   
(c)  $27\sqrt{7}$       (d)  $19\sqrt{7}$

17. If  $x + \frac{1}{x} = 7$ , then  $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$  is equal to :

**SSC CGL 28/08/2021 (Shift-1)**

- (a) 47      (b) 49  
(c) 61      (d) 51

18. If  $2x + 3y + 1 = 0$ , then what is the value of  $(8x^3 + 8 + 27y^3 - 18xy)$ ?

**SSC CGL 24/08/2021 (Shift-1)**

- (a) 7      (b) -9  
(c) -7      (d) 9

19. If  $a^4 + b^4 + a^2b^2 = 273$  and  $a^2 + b^2 - ab = 21$ , then one of the value of  $\left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b}\right)$  is :

**SSC CGL 28/08/2021 (Shift-1)**

- (a)  $-\frac{9}{4}$       (b)  $-\frac{3}{4}$   
(c)  $\frac{9}{8}$       (d)  $\frac{3}{2}$

20. If  $(2x + y)^3 - (x - 2y)^3 = (x + 3y)[Ax^2 + By^2 + Cxy]$ , then what is the value of the  $(A + 2B + C)$ ?

**SSC CGL 23/08/2021 (Shift-3)**

- (a) 13      (b) 7  
(c) 14      (d) 10

21. If  $9(a^2 + b^2) + c^2 + 20 = 12(a + 2b)$ , then the value of  $\sqrt{6a + 9b + 2c}$  is :

**SSC CGL 23/08/2021 (Shift-3)**

- (a) 3      (b) 4  
(c) 2      (d) 6

22. If  $x + y + z = 2$ ,  $x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz = 74$ , then the value of  $(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)$  is equal to:

**SSC CGL 23/08/2021 (Shift-3)**

- (a) 22      (b) 29  
(c) 26      (d) 24

23. If  $x^4 + x^2y^2 + y^4 = 21$  and  $x^2 + xy + y^2 = 3$ , then what is the value of  $(-xy)$ ?

**SSC CGL 23/08/2021 (Shift-2)**

- (a) 2      (b) 1  
(c) -1      (d) -2

24. If  $x + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{17}{4}$ ,  $x > 1$ , then what is the value of

$x - \frac{1}{x}$ ?      **SSC CGL 23/08/2021 (Shift-1)**

- (a)  $\frac{9}{4}$       (b)  $\frac{3}{2}$   
(c)  $\frac{8}{3}$       (d)  $\frac{15}{4}$

25. If  $2x^2 + 7x + 5 = 0$ . then what is the value of

$x^3 + \frac{125}{8x^3}$       **SSC CGL 23/08/2021 (Shift-1)**

- (a)  $12\frac{5}{8}$       (b)  $16\frac{5}{8}$   
(c)  $10\frac{5}{8}$       (d)  $18\frac{5}{8}$

26. If  $8 + 2px^2 - 36x - 27x^3 = (2 - 3x)^3$ , then what is the value of  $p$ ?

**SSC CGL 23/08/2021 (Shift-1)**

- (a) 27      (b) 54  
(c) 9      (d) -27

27. If  $x - y = 4$  and  $x^3 - y^3 = 316$ ,  $y > 0$  then the value of  $x^4 - y^4$  is:

**SSC CGL 20/08/2021 (Shift-1)**

- (a) 2482      (b) 2320  
(c) 2500      (d) 2401

28. What is the coefficient of the  $x$  in the expansion of the  $(3x - 4)^3$ ?

**SSC CGL 20/08/2021 (Shift-3)**

- (a) -144      (b) -108  
(c) 108      (d) 144

29. If  $x + y + z = 3$ ,  $xy + yz + zx = -12$  and  $xyz = -16$  then the value of  $\sqrt{x^3 + y^3 + z^3 + 13}$

**SSC CGL 20/08/2021 (Shift-3)**

- |                                                                                                                                            |                              |                                                                                               |                              |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| (a) 11                                                                                                                                     | (b) 9                        | (a) 6                                                                                         | (b) -1                       |
| (c) 10                                                                                                                                     | (d) 8                        | (c) -6                                                                                        | (d) 7                        |
| 30. If $\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = \sqrt{7}$ , then the value of $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$ is:                                            | SSC CGL 20/08/2021 (Shift-2) | 38. If $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 84 = 4(a - 2b + 4c)$ , then $\sqrt{ab - bc + ca}$ is equal to:      | SSC CPO 24/11/2020 (Shift-3) |
| (a) 60                                                                                                                                     | (b) 75                       | (a) $5\sqrt{10}$                                                                              | (b) $4\sqrt{10}$             |
| (c) 81                                                                                                                                     | (d) 79                       | (c) $2\sqrt{10}$                                                                              | (d) $\sqrt{10}$              |
| 31. If $(56\sqrt{7}x^3 - 2\sqrt{2}y^3) \div (2\sqrt{7}x - \sqrt{2}y) = Ax^2 + B y^2 - Cxy$ , then find the value of $A + B - \sqrt{14}C$ . | SSC CGL 20/08/2021 (Shift-2) | 39. If $ab + bc + cd = 8$ and $a + b + c = 12$ then $a^2 + b^2 + c^2$ is equal to:            | SSC CPO 14/03/2019 (Shift-1) |
| (a) 19                                                                                                                                     | (b) 10                       | (a) 160                                                                                       | (b) 144                      |
| (c) 58                                                                                                                                     | (d) 38                       | (c) 134                                                                                       | (d) 128                      |
| 32. If $\frac{x}{y} + \frac{y}{x} = 2$ , ( $x, y \neq 0$ ), then the value of $(x - y)$ is:                                                | SSC CGL 20/08/2021 (Shift-2) | 40. The value of $\frac{(0.013)^3 + (0.007)(0.000049)}{(0.007)^2 + 0.013(0.013 - 0.007)}$ is: | SSC CPO 13/12/2019 (Shift-3) |
| (a) -2                                                                                                                                     | (b) 1                        | (a) 0.07                                                                                      | (b) 0.02                     |
| (c) 2                                                                                                                                      | (d) 0                        | (c) 0.06                                                                                      | (d) 0.04                     |
| 33. If $(2a + \frac{3}{a} - 1) = 11$ , what is the value of $\left(4a^2 + \frac{9}{a^2}\right)$ ?                                          | SSC CGL 20/08/2021 (Shift-1) |                                                                                               | SOLUTIONS                    |
| (a) 110                                                                                                                                    | (b) 148                      | 1. (b) $a + b + c = 11$                                                                       |                              |
| (c) 132                                                                                                                                    | (d) 121                      | $ab + bc + ca = 28$                                                                           |                              |
| 34. If $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 216 = 12(a + b - 2c)$ , then $\sqrt{ab - bc - ca}$ is                                                            | SSC CGL 20/08/2021 (Shift-1) | $a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc = 11(11^2 - 3 \times 28)$                                             |                              |
| (a) $6\sqrt{5}$                                                                                                                            | (b) $4\sqrt{5}$              | $= 11(121 - 84)$                                                                              |                              |
| (c) $3\sqrt{5}$                                                                                                                            | (d) $8\sqrt{5}$              | $= 407$                                                                                       |                              |
| 35. If $a + b + c = 0$ , then what is the value of $\frac{(b+c)^2}{bc} + \frac{(c+a)^2}{ca} + \frac{(a+b)^2}{ab}$ ?                        | SSC CGL 18/08/2021 (Shift-3) | 2. (c) $(x+y)^3 - (x-y)^3 - 3y(2x^2 - 3y^2) = ky^3$                                           |                              |
| (a) 1                                                                                                                                      | (b) -3                       | $x^3 + y^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 - x^3 + y^3 + 3x^2y - 3xy^2 - 6yx^2 + 9y^3 = ky^3$                 |                              |
| (c) -1                                                                                                                                     | (d) 3                        | $11y^3 = ky^3$                                                                                |                              |
| 36. If $x + y + z = 13$ , $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 133$ and $x^3 + y^3 + z^3 = 847$ , then the value of the $\sqrt[3]{xyz}$ is:                  | SSC CPO 24/11/2020 (Shift-3) | 3. (d) $x^2 - 5x - 1 = 0$                                                                     |                              |
| (a) 8                                                                                                                                      | (b) -9                       | $\Rightarrow x - \frac{1}{x} = 5$                                                             |                              |
| (c) -6                                                                                                                                     | (d) 7                        | $x^3 - \frac{1}{x^3} = 5^3 + 3 \times 5$                                                      |                              |
| 37. If $a^3 + b^3 = 217$ and $a + b = 7$ then the value of $ab$ is:                                                                        | SSC CPO 24/11/2020 (Shift-3) | $= 140$                                                                                       |                              |
| (a) 8                                                                                                                                      | (b) -9                       | $\frac{x^6 - x^4 + x^2 - 1}{x^3} = x^3 - x + \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x^3}$                     |                              |
| (c) -6                                                                                                                                     | (d) 7                        | $= \left(x^3 - \frac{1}{x^3}\right) - \left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right)$                           |                              |
|                                                                                                                                            |                              | $= 140 - 5$                                                                                   |                              |
|                                                                                                                                            |                              | $= 135$                                                                                       |                              |
|                                                                                                                                            |                              | 4. (d) $a^2 + b^2 + 49c^2 + 18 = 2(b + 28c - a)$                                              |                              |
|                                                                                                                                            |                              | $a^2 + b^2 + (7c)^2 + 18 - 2b - 56c + 2a = 0$                                                 |                              |
|                                                                                                                                            |                              | $a^2 + 2a + 1 + b^2 - 2b + 1 + (7c)^2 - 56c + 16 = 0$                                         |                              |
|                                                                                                                                            |                              | $(a+1)^2 + (b-1)^2 + (7c-4)^2 = 0$                                                            |                              |
|                                                                                                                                            |                              | $a+1 = 0$                                                                                     |                              |
|                                                                                                                                            |                              | $b-1 = 0$                                                                                     |                              |

$$7c - 4 = 0$$

$$a = -1 \quad b = 1$$

$$c = \frac{4}{7}$$

$$2a - b + 7c = -2 - 1 + 4 = 1$$

5. (d)  $x + y + z = 7, xy + yz + zx = 8$

$$\begin{aligned} & x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz \\ &= (x+y+z)[(x+y+z)^2 - 3(xy+yz+zx)] \\ &= 7[7^2 - 3(8)] = 7 \times 25 = 175 \end{aligned}$$

6. (d)  $\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = \sqrt{3}$

$$\Rightarrow x + \frac{1}{x} = \sqrt{3}^2 + 2 = 5$$

$$x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} = 5^2 - 2 = 23$$

$$x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} = 23^2 - 2 = 527$$

7. (a)  $2\sqrt{2}x^3 - 3\sqrt{3}y^3$

$$= (\sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{3}y)(Ax^2 - Bxy + Cy^2)$$

$$(\sqrt{2}x)^3 - (\sqrt{3}y)^3$$

$$= (\sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{3}y)(Ax^2 - Bxy + Cy^2)$$

$$A = 2,$$

$$B = -\sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{3} = -\sqrt{6}$$

$$C = 3$$

$$\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2} = \sqrt{4 + 6 + 9} = \sqrt{19}$$

8. (c)  $a^2 + b^2 + 4ac^2 + 18 = 2(b - 28c - a)$

$$a^2 + b^2 + (7c)^2 + 18 - 2b + 56c - 2a = 0$$

$$a^2 + 2a + 1 + b^2 - 2b + 1 + (7c)^2 + 56c + 16 = 0$$

$$(a+1)^2 + (b-1)^2 + (7c+4)^2 = 0$$

$$a = -1$$

$$b = 1$$

$$c = -\frac{4}{7}$$

$$a - b - 7c = -1 - 1 + 4 = 2$$

9. (b)  $a + b + c = 5, ab - bc - ca = 10$

$$\begin{aligned} a^2 + b^2 + c^2 &= (a+b+c)^2 - 2(ab - bc - ca) \\ &= 5^2 - 2 \times 10 = 5 \end{aligned}$$

10. (b)  $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} = 23$

$$\Rightarrow x + \frac{1}{x} = \sqrt{23+2} = 5$$

$$x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3} = 5^3 - 3 \times 5 = 110$$

11. (b)  $x + y + z = 2$

$$xy + yz + zx = -11$$

$$xyz = -12$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = (x+y+z)[(x+y+z)^2 -$$

$$3(xy + yz + zx)] + 3xyz$$

$$= 2[2^2 - 3(-11)] + 3(-12)$$

$$= 2 \times 37 - 36$$

$$= 38$$

12. (a)  $x + y + z = 18,$

$$xyz = 81$$

$$xy + yz + zx = 90$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 18^2 - 2 \times 90 = 144$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^3 + y^3 + z^3 &= (x+y+z)[x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - (xy \\ &\quad + yz + zx)] + 3xyz \end{aligned}$$

$$= 18[144 - 90] + 3 \times 81 = 1215$$

$$\sqrt[4]{x^3 + y^3 + z^3 + xyz} = \sqrt[4]{1215 + 81}$$

$$= \sqrt[4]{1296} = 6$$

13. (b)  $27x^3 - 64y^3 = (Ax + By)(Cx^2 - Dy^2 + 12xy)$

$$(3x)^3 - (4y)^3 = (Bx + 4y)(9x^2 + 16y^2 + 12xy)$$

$$A = 3$$

$$B = -4$$

$$C = 9$$

$$D = -16$$

$$4A + B + 3C + 2D = 12 - 4 + 27 - 32 = 3$$

14. (a)  $x = 32.5, y = 34.6, z = 30.9$

$$x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz = 0.98k$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(x+y+z)[(x-y)^2 + (y-z)^2 + (z-x)^2] = 0.98k$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times 98[4.41 + 13.69 + 2.56] = 0.98k$$

$$k = \frac{98 \times 20.66}{2 \times 0.98} = 1033$$

15. (a)  $x^2 - 3x + 1 = 0$

$$x + \frac{1}{x} = 3$$

$$x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3} = 3^3 - 3 \times 3 = 18$$

$$\frac{\left(x^4 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right) \times \frac{1}{x}}{\left(x^2 + 5x + 1\right) \times \frac{1}{x}} = \frac{x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3}}{x + \frac{1}{x} + 5} = \frac{18}{8} = \frac{9}{4}$$

**16. (a)**  $x^2 - \sqrt{7}x + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow x + \frac{1}{x} = \sqrt{7}$

$$x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} = (\sqrt{7})^2 - 2 = 5$$

$$x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3} = (\sqrt{7})^3 - 3 \times \sqrt{7} = 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$x^5 + \frac{1}{x^5} = \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right) \left[ \left(x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3}\right) + \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) \right]$$

$$= 5(4\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{7}) = 25\sqrt{7}$$

**17. (a)**  $x + \frac{1}{x} = 7$

$$x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} = 7^2 - 2 = 47$$

**18. (a)**  $2x + 3y + 1 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow (2x + 3y)^3 = -1^3$$

$$8x^3 + 8 + 27y^3 - 18xy = (8x^3 + 27y^3 - 18xy) + 8$$

$$= (2x + 3y)^3 + 8$$

$$= -1 + 8 = 7$$

**19. (b)**  $a^4 + b^4 + a^2b^2 = 273, a^2 + b^2 - ab = 21$

$$(a^2 + b^2 + ab)(a^2 + b^2 - ab)$$

$$= a^4 + b^4 + a^2b^2$$

$$a^2 + b^2 + ab = \frac{273}{21}$$

$$= 13$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = \frac{21+13}{2} = 17,$$

$$ab = -4,$$

$$a + b = 3$$

$$\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} = \frac{a+b}{ab} = \frac{3}{-4}$$

**20. (d)**  $(2x+y)^3 - (x-2y)^3$

$$= (x+3y)[Ax^2 + By^2 + Cxy]$$

$$= (2x+y)^3 - (x-2y)^3$$

$$= (2x+y-x+2y)[(2x+y)^2 + (x-2y)^2 + (2x+y)(x-2y)]$$

$$= (x+3y)[7x^2 + 3y^2 - 3xy]$$

$$A = 7,$$

$$B = 3,$$

$$C = -3$$

$$A + 2B + C = 7 + 6 - 3$$

$$= 10$$

**21. (b)**  $9(a^2 + b^2) + c^2 + 20 = 12(a + 2b)$

$$9a^2 - 12a + 4 + 9b^2 - 24b + 16 + c^2 = 0$$

$$(3a-2)^2 + (3b-4)^2 + c^2 = 0$$

$$3a - 2 = 0$$

$$3b - 4 = 0$$

$$c = 0$$

$$a = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$b = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\sqrt{6a+9b+2c} = \sqrt{4+12+0} = 4$$

**22. (c)**  $x + y + z = 2, x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz = 74$

$$x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz$$

$$= \frac{(x+y+z)}{2} [3(x^2 + y^2 + z^2) - (x+y+z)]$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = \frac{74 \times 2}{2 \times 3} + \frac{2^2}{3} = 26$$

**23. (a)**  $x^4 + x^2y^2 + y^4 = 21, x^2 + xy + y^2$

$$= 3$$

$$x^4 + x^2y^2 + y^4 = (x^2 - xy + y^2)(x^2 + xy + y^2)$$

$$x^2 - xy + y^2 = \frac{21}{3} = 7$$

$$2xy = -4$$

$$xy = -2$$

$$-xy = 2$$

**24. (d)**  $x + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{17}{4}$

$$x - \frac{1}{x} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{17}{4}\right)^2 - 4}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{289}{4} - 16}$$

$$x - \frac{1}{x} = \frac{15}{4}$$

**25. (b)**  $2x^2 - 7x + 5 = 0$

$$x + \frac{5}{2x} = \frac{7}{2}$$

$$x^3 + \frac{125}{8x^3} = \left(\frac{7}{2}\right)^3 - 3 \times \frac{7}{2} \times \frac{5}{2}$$

$$= \frac{343}{8} - \frac{105}{4}$$

$$= \frac{133}{8}$$

$$= 16\frac{5}{8}$$

**26. (a)**  $(2-3x)^3 = 8 + 2px^2 - 36x - 27x^3$

$$8 - 27x^3 - 36x + 54x^2 = 8 + 2px^2 - 36x - 27x^3$$

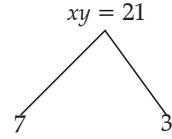
$$2px^2 = 54x^2$$

$$p = \frac{54}{2}$$

$$= 27$$

27. (b)

$$\begin{aligned}x - y &= 4 \\x^3 - y^3 &= 316 \\x^3 - y^3 &= (x - y)(x^2 + xy + y^2) \\316 &= 4[(x - y)^2 + 3xy] \\3xy + 16 &= 79\end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}x^4 - y^4 &= (x^2 - y^2)(x^2 + y^2) \\&= (49 - 9)(49 + 9) \\&= 2320\end{aligned}$$

28. (d)  $(3x - 4)^3 = 27x^3 - 64 - 108x^2 + 144x$

Coefficient of  $x = 144$ 

29. (c)  $x + y + z = 3$

$xy + yz + zx = -12$

$xyz = -16$

$$\begin{aligned}x^3 + y^3 + z^3 &= (x + y + z)[(x + y + z)^2 - 3(xy + yz + zx)] + 3xyz \\&= 3[3^2 - 3(-12)] + 3(-16)\end{aligned}$$

$3 \times 45 - 48 = 87$

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{x^3 + y^3 + z^3 + 13} &= \sqrt{87 + 13} \\&= \sqrt{100} \\&= 10\end{aligned}$$

30. (d)  $\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = \sqrt{7}$

$$\begin{aligned}x + \frac{1}{x} &= (\sqrt{7})^2 + 2 \\&= 9\end{aligned}$$

$x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} = 9^2 - 2 = 79$

31. (c)  $\frac{56\sqrt{7}x^3 - 2\sqrt{2}y^3}{2\sqrt{7}x - \sqrt{2}y} = Ax^2 + By^2 - Cxy$

$\frac{(2\sqrt{7}x)^3 - (\sqrt{2}y)^3}{2\sqrt{7}x - \sqrt{2}y} = Ax^2 + By^2 - Cxy$

$28x^2 + 2\sqrt{14}xy + 2y^2 = Ax^2 + By^2 - Cxy$

$A = 28, B = 2, C = -2\sqrt{14}$

$$\begin{aligned}A + B - \sqrt{14}C &= 28 + 2 - \sqrt{14}(-2\sqrt{14}) \\&= 30 + 28 \\&= 58\end{aligned}$$

32. (d)  $\frac{x}{y} + \frac{y}{x} = 2$

$x^2 + y^2 = 2xy$

$x^2 + y^2 - 2xy = 0$

$(x - y)^2 = 0$

$x - y = 0$

33. (c)  $2a + \frac{3}{a} - 1 = 11$

$2a + \frac{3}{a} = 12$

$$\begin{aligned}4a^2 + \frac{9}{a^2} &= 12^2 - 2 \times 2 \times 3 \\&= 144 - 12 \\&= 132\end{aligned}$$

34. (a)  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 216 = 12(a + b - 2c)$

$a^2 - 12a + 36 + b^2 - 12b + 36 + c^2 + 24c + 144 = 0$

$(a - 6)^2 + (b - 6)^2 + (c + 12)^2 = 0$

$a = 6$

$b = 6$

$c = -12$

$\sqrt{ab - bc - ca} = \sqrt{36 + 72 + 72}$

$= \sqrt{36 \times 5}$

$= 6\sqrt{5}$

35. (d)  $a + b + c = 0 \Rightarrow a^3 + b^3 + c^3 = 3abc$

$a + b = -c,$

$b + c = -a,$

$a + c = -b$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{(b+c)^2}{bc} + \frac{(c+a)^2}{ca} + \frac{(a+b)^2}{ab} \\= \frac{(-a)^2}{bc} + \frac{(-b)^2}{ca} + \frac{(-c)^2}{ab}\end{aligned}$$

$\frac{a^2 + b^3 + c^3}{abc} = \frac{3abc}{abc} = 3$

36. (c)  $x + y + z = 13, x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 133$

$x^3 + y^3 + z^3 = 847, xyz + yz + zx$

$= \frac{13^2 - 133}{2} = 18$

$x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz$

$= (x + y + z)[x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - (xy + yz + zx)]$

$- 3xyz = 13(133 - 18) - 847$

$xyz = \frac{+648}{-3}$

$= -216$

$\sqrt[3]{xyz} = \sqrt[3]{216}$

$= -6$

**37. (a)**

$$\begin{aligned} a^3 + b^3 &= 217 \\ a + b &= 7 \\ (a + b)^3 &= a^3 + b^3 + 3ab(a + b) \\ 3ab \times 7 &= 7^3 - 217 \\ 21ab &= 126 \\ ab &= 6 \end{aligned}$$

**38. (c)**  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 84 = 4(a - 2b + 4c)$

$$\begin{aligned} a^2 - 4a + 4 + b^2 + 8b + 16 + c^2 - 16c + 64 &= 0 \\ (a - 2)^2 + (b + 4)^2 + (c - 8)^2 &= 0 \\ a &= 2 \\ b &= -4 \\ c &= 8 \\ \sqrt{ab - bc + ca} &= \sqrt{-8 + 32 + 16} \end{aligned}$$

**39. (d)**  $a + b + c = 12, ab + bc + ca = 8$

$$\begin{aligned} a^2 + b^2 + c^2 &= (a + b + c)^2 - 2(ab + bc + ca) \\ &= 144 - 16 = 128 \\ \text{40. (b)} \frac{(0.013)^2 + (0.007)(0.000049)}{(0.007)^2 + 0.013(0.013 - 0.007)} \\ a^3 + b^3 &= (a + b)(a^2 + b^2 - ab) \\ \frac{a^3 + b^3}{a^2 + b^2 - ab} &= a + b = 0.013 + 0.007 \\ &= 0.002 \end{aligned}$$